XIX ASR OXIRI - XX ASR BOSHLARIDA HINDISTONDAJI IJTIMOY-SIYOSIY VAZIYAT

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ANNOTATSIYA

Kalit so‘zlar: Hindiston, Angliya, milliy ozdlik, ijtimoiy vaziyat, siyosat, iqtisod, qishloq xo’jaligi, kasta, soliq tizimi, ma’muriy boshqaruv.

SOCIAL AND POLITICAL SITUATION IN INDIA AT THE END OF XIX - EARLY XX CENTURIES

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ABSTRACT
In the late 19th - early 20th centuries. The socio-political situation in India was difficult. The economic situation was extremely difficult, and the standard of living of the population was lower than in other countries. At that time, India was mainly specialized in agriculture, the majority of the population lived in rural areas and engaged in agriculture. The way of life of peasants working on the land was also deplorable due to the lack of systematic work in agriculture. The industry was also served by the British government. In this period in India there are some differences in
literacy, and only people from the higher castes could read and write. These factors also created certain problems for the development of India. But the enlightenment that began in India led to the country's independence.

**Keywords:** India, England, national minority, social status, politics, economy, agriculture, caste, tax system, administration.