

AHOLINING HUDUDIY TARKIBINI TABIIY-LANDSHAFT BIRLIKLARI BO‘YICHA TADQIQ ETISHNING NAZARIY ASOSLARI

Hayitboy Abduganiyevich Abduvaliyev

Farg‘ona davlat universiteti geografiya kafedrasida katta o‘qituvchisi, g.f.f.d. (PhD)

Munira Xasanovna Jarqinova

Farg‘ona davlat universiteti geografiya mutaxassisligi magistranti

ANNOTATSIYA

Muallif maqolada O‘zbekistonda aholining hududiy tarkibini tadqiq etishdagi o‘ziga xos qonuniyatlarni, shuningdek, aholining hududiy tarkibini shakllanishiga ta’sir etuvchi tabiiy-landshaft va ijtimoiy-iqtisodiy omillarning rolini tahlil etadi. Muallif aholini hududiy tashkil etilishiga tabiiy-landshaft omilining rolini o‘rganish va baholash orqali geodemografik muammolarga to‘g‘ri yechim topish mumkinligi bo‘yicha tavsiyalar beradi.

Kalit so‘zlar: tabiiy-landshaft omili, aholi zichligi, ishchi kuchi, mehnat resursi, ishlab chiqarish tarmoqlarini joylashtirish, aholi joylashuvi, hududiy tashkil etish.

ABSTRACT

The author analyzes the patterns of studying the territorial composition of the population of Uzbekistan, as well as the role of natural landscape and socio-economic factors affecting the formation of the territorial composition of the population. The author gives recommendations on the possibility of correctly solving geodemographic problems by studying and assessing the role of the natural landscape factor in the territorial organization of the population.

Keywords: natural landscape factor, population density, labor force, labor force, production location, population distribution, territorial organization.